

Title	組み込みR T O Sでのレジスタセット間高速コンテキスト切り替えに関する研究
Author(s)	荻野, 雅
Citation	
Issue Date	2004-03
Type	Thesis or Dissertation
Text version	author
URL	http://hdl.handle.net/10119/1802
Rights	
Description	Supervisor:田中 清史, 情報科学研究科, 修士

A Study of Fast Context Switching between Register-Sets, at Embedded RTOS

Tadashi Ogino (110027)

School of Information Science,
Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology

February 13, 2003

Keywords: Embedded, Real Time, Real Time OS, Context Switch.

Abstract

Nowadays, Real Time OS is applied at systems which need fast processing, but at giga-bit communication system, the over-head which is context switching from ten μ to μ seconds wasted, causes serious problems. It is made from cache miss by memory accessed when task context moving. We propose two approaches, one is *Context switching between register-sets*, another is *Narrow down registers user task using*, on CPU with several register-sets, evaluate by simulation.

1 Background and purpose

Now, the overhead of context switching in RTOS, from ten μ s to μ s seconds needed. It is allowed at mili-seconds deadline user task, at μ seconds deadline task, makes tasks deadline-overed possibility. (example : The real-time system at giga-bit communication system, make one packet proceccing in μ seconds. So μ seconds overhead makes possible deadline overed, a packet is losted.)

We focus memory accessing at context switching made overheads, for fast context switching, propose two methods below and evaluate them.

- Context switching between register-sets
- Narrow down registers user task using

2 Context switching between register-sets

To reduce data-cache miss at context switching, context switching should be terminated in CPU. So we choose Casablanca[1], with 8 register-sets and data moving instruction between register-sets, register-set number 2 to 6 are available *Context saved register-set*, make it realized.

It makes improved followings:

1. Fasten user task context switching
2. Goodness of data cache usage

3 Narrow down registers user task using

Formerly we have moved whole a register-set by context switching. It is insured task context against context switching, but needless unused register data moving. So we make it realized by added an information *Register usages* in user task.

We change context saved register-sets with it. We manage them as frames composed 16 registers. Each frames are managed by "frame management tables" on main memory, it is written *task-id* when frame is used, else written 0.

It makes improved followings:

1. Much contexts available in context register-sets
2. Reduce instructions at context switching
3. More goodness of data cache usage

4 Conclusion

We evaluated proposed and historical methods on simulation, improved followings:

1. Reduce memory accessing at context switching
2. Reduce data-cache missing as it

3. Reduce deadline-overed tasks
4. Shoten user task response

References

- [1] Kiyofumi Tanaka, Takashi Matsumoto: "Casablanca: A Real-Time RISC Core for Embedded Systems", International Conference on Advances in Infrastructure for Electronic Business, Science, and Education on the Internet, 2001, CD-ROM.