

Title	リチウムイオン二次電池用BIAN由来高容量アノード
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Citation	
Issue Date	2022-09
Type	Thesis or Dissertation
Text version	ETD
URL	<a href="http://hdl.handle.net/10119/18148">http://hdl.handle.net/10119/18148</a>
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# **BIAN derived high-capacity anodes in lithium-ion secondary batteries**

## **Chapter 1:**

Energy is the key factor that governs technological progress. So far fossil fuels have been highest supplier of energy to satiate our day-to-day needs. However, the adverse ecological effects and the lack of renewability led to the exploration of various other sustainable energy sources. In this context, lithium-ion secondary batteries are attractive devices in terms of power and energy densities. Anode is a crucial component of lithium-ion batteries. In this thesis, the synthesis and electrochemical application of BIAN based polymers and N-doped carbon derived from BIAN based polymers in lithium-ion batteries are presented.

## **Chapter 2:**

Organic polymers are materials with strong covalent bonds and possess the possibility of crosslinking between the organic moieties with different geometries. Organic polymers offer a distinct advantage of integrating multiple redox sites, tunable porosity, and relatively high surface area. In this chapter, the synthesis and anodic applications of imine and azo functionalized BIAN-Bismarck brown based conjugated organic polymer (BBP) are presented.

## **Chapter 3:**

The charge storage properties of organic polymers can be enhanced by increasing the density of redox active groups. In this chapter, the synthesis and applications of Bis-imino-acenaphthoquinone (BIAN)-melamine based organic polymer (PBM) as an anode material in lithium-ion battery is presented.

## **Chapter 4:**

Increasing the density of redox active sites by introducing hetero atoms and reducing the lithium diffusion length by generating porosity are enticing strategies to increase the fast-charging ability of anodes. In this chapter, synthesis, and application of N-doped carbon (Py PBM) derived from BIAN-melamine organic polymer as single source of carbon and nitrogen, as anodic active material was presented.

**Keywords:** Organic anode, n-type conjugated polymers, fast charging, BIAN, N-doped carbon.