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Description					



## Supplementary data

## Elucidating the degradation mechanism of a selfdegradable dextran-based medical adhesive

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Amino acid

$$R_1-NH_2$$
 +  $C-C-C-R_2$ 
O OHOH Aldehyde saccharide

H H H H

 $R_1-N-C-C-C-C-R_2$ 
H OHOH

 $R_1-N-C-C-C-R_2$ 
H H OHOH

 $R_1-N-C-C-C-C-R_2$ 
H D OHOH

 $R_1-N-C-C-C-C-R_2$ 
D Dexyosone

## (B) Aldehyde Dextran

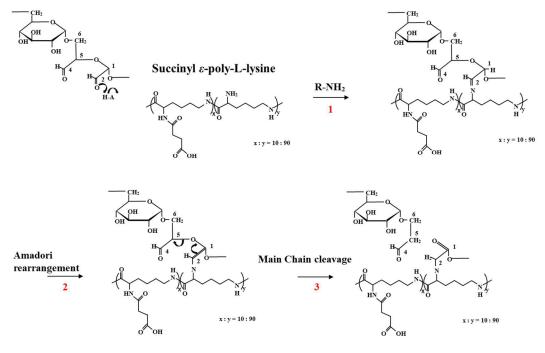
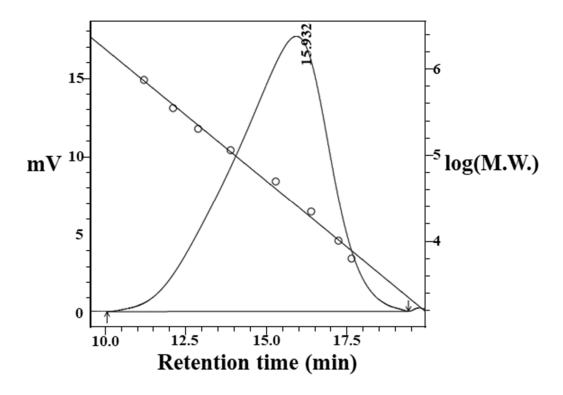


Figure S1. (A) Maillard reaction pathway of aldehyde saccharides with amino acids. (B) Molecular scission mechanism of oxidized dextran via reaction with an amine.



 $\label{eq:solution} Figure~S2.~Differential~refractometry~profile~of~aldehyde-functionalized~dextran~using~a~G4000PW_{XL}$ column.~M.W.,~molecular~weight.~mV,~millivolt.$ 

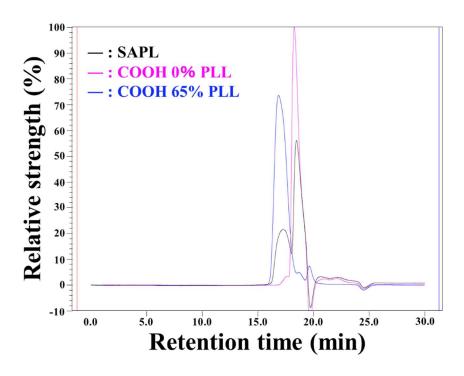


Figure S3. Refractive index spectra of succinic anhydride-treated poly-L-lysine (SAPL), poly-L-lysine (COOH 0% PLL), and 65% carboxylated poly-L-lysine (COOH 65% PLL), obtained using a  $G4000PW_{XL}$  column.

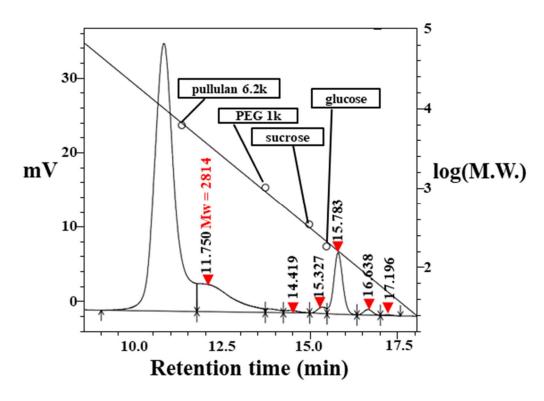


Figure S4. Gel permeation chromatogram of degradation solution (1 wk), obtained using a  $G2500PW_{XL}$  column. Mw, molecular weight; PEG, polyethylene glycol.

Table S1. Changes in the molecular weight distribution (weight-average molecular weight  $(M_{\rm w})$  / number-average molecular weight  $(M_{\rm n})$ ) of the major gel permeation chromatography peaks of LYDEX gel over time.

		Peak 1	Peak 2	Peak 3	Peak 4	Peak 5	Peak 6
1 d	$M_{ m w}$ $/M_{ m n}$	1.06	2.24	1.35	1.05	1.22	1.01
3 d	$M_{ m w}$ / $M_{ m n}$	1.06	2.36	1.35	1.04	1.24	1.01
1 wk	$M_{ m w}$ / $M_{ m n}$	1.03	2.45	1.35	1.04	1.34	1.01
2 wk	$M_{\mathrm{w}}$ / $M_{\mathrm{n}}$	_	2.69	1.35	1.03	1.23	1.01
1 mo	$M_{\rm w}$ / $M_{\rm n}$	_	2.26	1.36	1.04	1.22	1.01

 $G4000PW_{XL}$  and  $G2500PW_{XL}$  columns were used for peaks 1–4 and peaks 5 and 6, respectively.